# Pneumotrophin PMG<sup>®</sup>

# Supports Healthy Lung Function

The primary purpose of the lungs is to bring air and blood into intimate contact so that oxygen can be brought to the tissues and carbon dioxide removed from them. This is achieved by two pumping systems, one moving a gas (air) and the other a liquid (blood).

# How Pneumotrophin PMG Keeps You Healthy

# Maintains cellular health

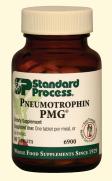
Protomorphogen<sup>™</sup> extract is the brand name of Standard Process' extracts derived from nucleoprotein-mineral molecules. The foundation for the function of these uniquely formulated nucleoprotein-mineral extracts comes from the antigen-antibody reaction that takes place during normal cell maintenance. The antigenic properties promote healthy cellular division, function, and growth. When a tissue needs support, at least a dozen different compounds are formed that can cause white blood cells to travel together toward the compromised area. These compounds include degenerative products of the tissues themselves. They strongly activate the macrophage system, and within a few hours, the macrophages begin to devour the destroyed tissue byproducts. At times, the macrophages can also affect the structure of the remaining healthy cells. The bovine lung PMG<sup>™</sup> extract in Pneumotrophin PMG appears to neutralize the circulating antibodies, thereby contributing to the maintenance of cellular health.<sup>†</sup>

# Helps build and maintain strong bones and teeth

Calcium is the most important element required for the body to build and maintain strong bones and teeth and to trigger a number of other important physiological processes. Some forms of calcium found in food are not absorbed by the body as effectively as others, and its precious benefit is lost. Calcium lactate is a highly bioavailable and useful form of this important element since it converts to calcium bicarbonate in one chemical step.<sup>†</sup>

# Sustains metabolic efficiency

While magnesium is present in most cells in only minute quantities, it plays an important role in human metabolism, as does its partner, calcium. It functions in such reactions as nerve conduction and nerve excitability, transfer of energy, muscular activity, and many other specific processes. Magnesium functions as a cofactor, assisting enzymes in catalyzing many chemical reactions. Magnesium and calcium are synergistic, meaning that what they do for the body together, they cannot perform on their own.<sup>†</sup>



#### Introduced in 1952 GE

Content: 90 tablets

Suggested Use: One tablet per meal, or as directed.

Supplement Facts: Serving Size: 1 tablet

Servings per Container: 90

	per Serving	%DV
Calories	1	
Calcium	20 mg	2%

Proprietary Blend: 182 mg Bovine lung PMG<sup>™</sup> extract and magnesium

citrate. Other Ingredients: Calcium lactate, cellulose,

and calcium stearate.

Each tablet supplies approximately: 120 mg bovine lung PMG<sup>™</sup> extract.

Sold through health care professionals.



# Please copy for your patients.

GF This product contains less than 10 parts per million of gluten per serving size or less than 20 parts per million per the suggested use listed on each product label +These statements have not been evaluated by the Food & Drug Administration. These products are not intended to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent any disease

# Pneumotrophin PMG®

### What Makes Pneumotrophin PMG Unique

#### **Product Attributes**

#### Contains Protomorphogen<sup>™</sup> extracts

- > Standard Process uses a unique manufacturing method of deriving tissue cell determinants from animal glands and organs
- > Help provide cellular support and rehabilitation to the corresponding human tissues
- > Important antigenic properties of nucleoprotein-mineral determinants are the foundation of the product<sup>†</sup>

# The calcium lactate in Pneumotrophin PMG is a pure-vegetable source of calcium

> Not derived from a dairy source

#### Manufacturing and Quality-Control Processes

Low-temperature, high-vacuum drying technique

> Preserves the enzymatic vitality and nutritional potential of ingredients

#### Not disassociated into isolated components

> The nutrients in Pneumotrophin PMG are processed to remain intact, complete nutritional compounds

#### Degreed microbiologists and chemists in our on-site laboratories continually conduct bacterial and analytical tests on raw materials, product batches, and finished products

> Ensures consistent quality and safety

#### Vitamin and mineral analyses validate product content and specifications

> Assures high-quality essential nutrients are delivered

#### Whole Food Philosophy

Our founder, Dr. Royal Lee, challenged common scientific beliefs by choosing a holistic approach of providing nutrients through whole foods. His goal was to provide nutrients as they are found in nature-in a whole food state where he believed their natural potency and efficacy would be realized. Dr. Lee believed that when nutrients remain intact and are not split from their natural associated synergists-known and unknown-bioactivity is markedly enhanced over isolated nutrients. Following this philosophy, even a small amount of a whole food concentrate will offer enhanced nutritional support, compared to an isolated or fractionated vitamin. Therefore, one should examine the source of nutrients rather than looking at the quantities of individual nutrients on product labels.

Studies on nutrients generally use large doses and these studies, some of which are cited below, are the basis for much of the information we provide you in this publication about whole food ingredients. See the supplement facts for Pneumotrophin PMC<sup>®</sup>.

Guyton A.C., Hall J.E. Genetic Control of Protein Synthesis, Cell Function, and Cell Reproduction. *Textbook of Medical Physiology*. 37. Guyton A.C., Hall J.E. Inflammation and function of macrophages. *Textbook* 

of Medical Physiology. 9th ed. 439. Guyton A.C., Hall J.E. White blood cells and chemotactic attraction. Textbook of Medical Physiology. 9th ed. 434.

 Leibordt B. 1991. Nutrition Update. 5(2).
Magnesium in Human Nutrition. U.S. Department of Agriculture. Report No. 19. 11.

Pleifer C.C. 1978. Magnesium, Zinc and Other Micro-nutrients. 102. Taber's Cyclopedic Medical Dictionary. 18th ed. 1997. 1133. van Mossevelde B. Culinary Cures: Calcium Fortification. Food Product Design. Sept 1997. 69-70.